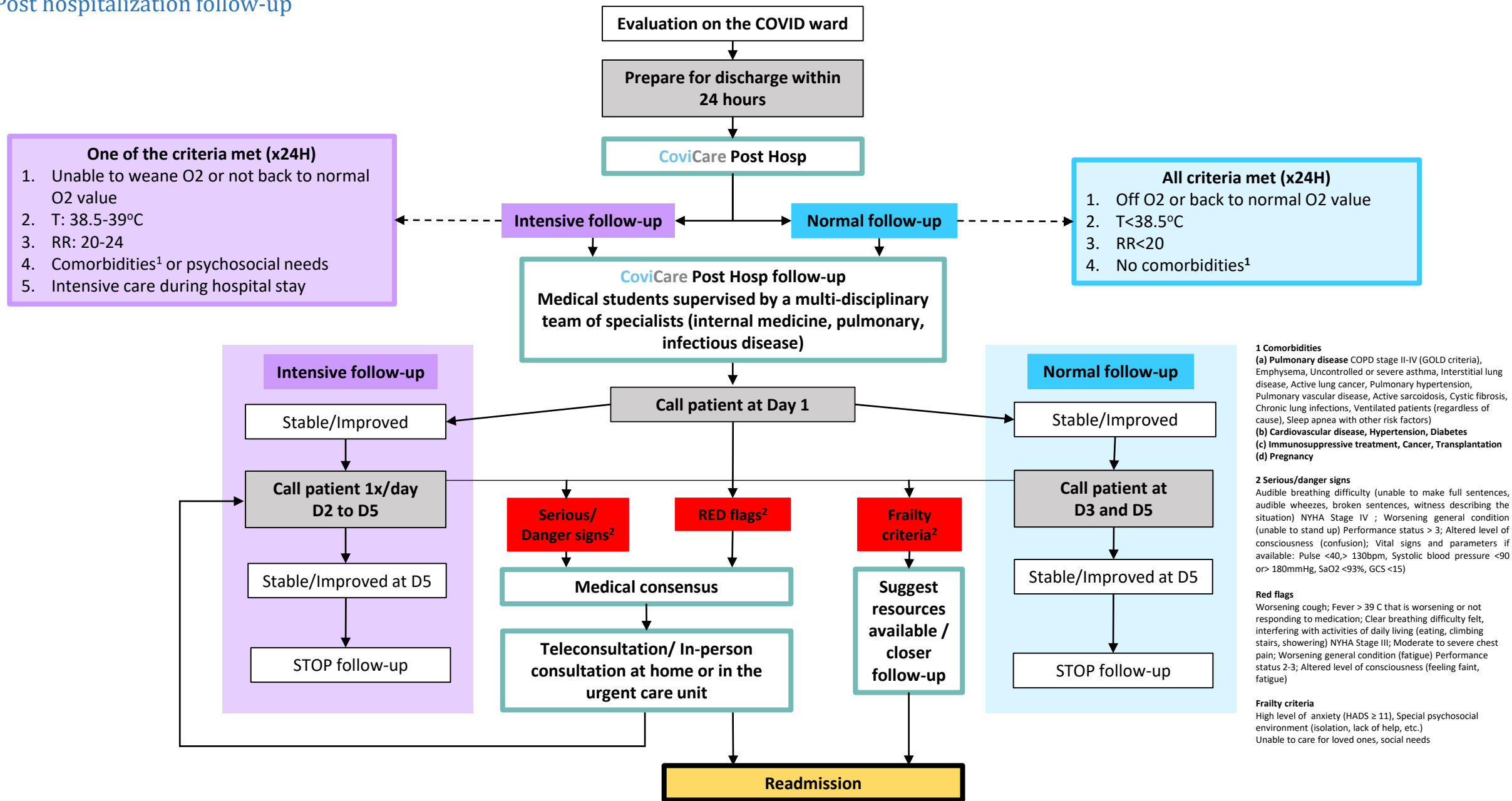
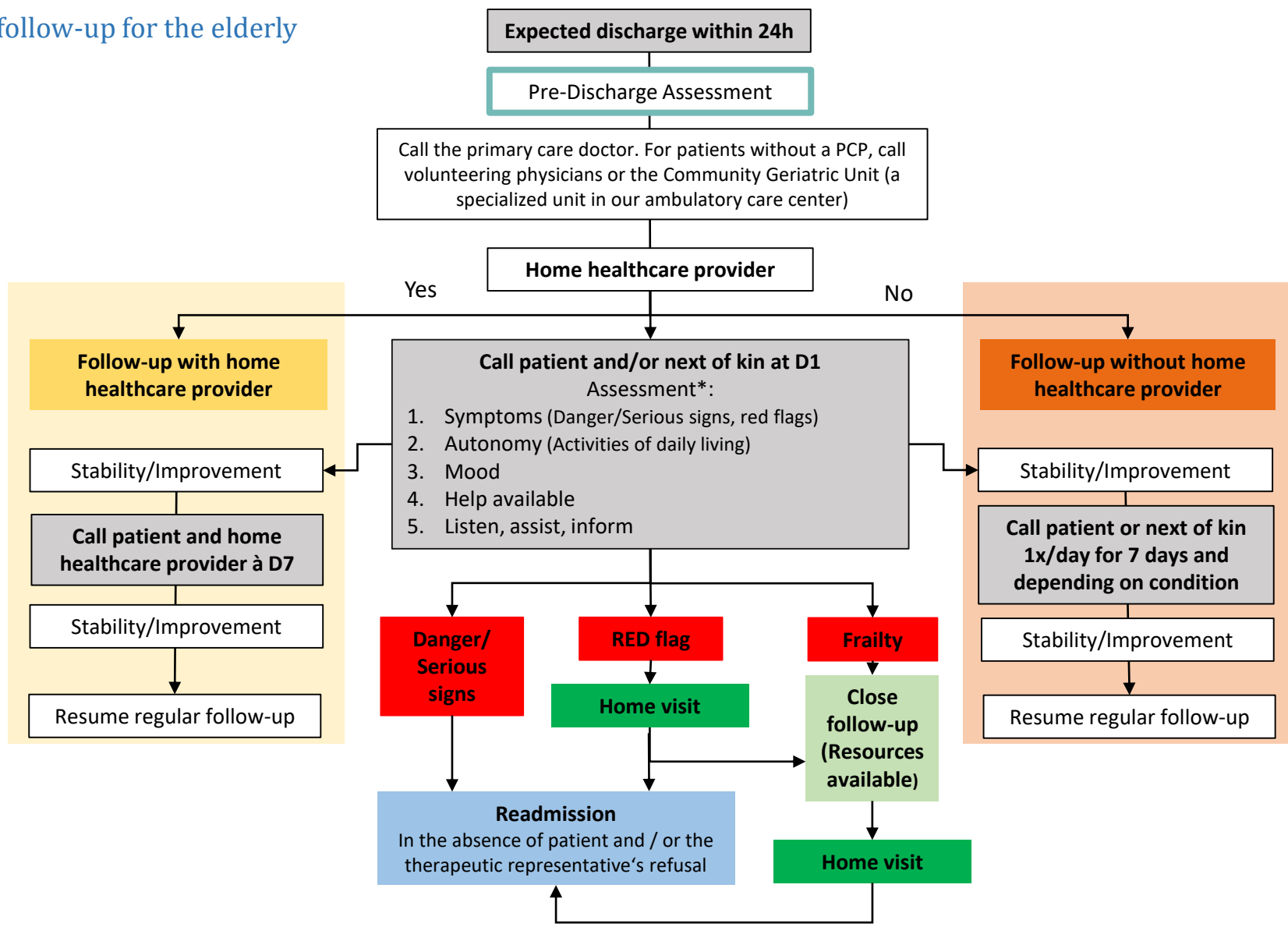


Post hospitalization follow-up



Post-Hospitalization follow-up for the elderly



Danger/Serious signs
 Audible breathing difficulty
 Hemodynamic instability, chest pain
 Increase in O2 needs or O2 Saturation <93%
 Confusion / Agitation or GCS <15

Red flags
 Difficulty breathing limiting ADL's
 Fever, Unusual cough, hemoptysis, cognitive impairment
 Decrease in general condition
 Gastrointestinal disorder
 Pain or falls
 Inability to stay at home

Frailty criteria
 Psychiatric disorders
 Specific psychosocial environment (isolation, refusal of assistance, lack of supervision, etc.)
 Need for help: shopping / activities of daily living or others

Resources available
 Telephone / video / face-to-face consultation
 Social and psychiatric resources (Palliative care, psychiatric care, social network)
 Social / psychological counseling

*First home assessment at D1 post discharge can be conducted by the home healthcare provider in coordination with the primary care physician. For patients not requiring a home healthcare provider, an assessment can be done by phone by the primary care doctor or during a home visit if new patient.